The Michigan Trauma Quality Improvement Program

Ann Arbor, MI February 14, 2012



Agenda

- General Announcements (Hemmila)
- Future Performance Reporting ArborMetrix (Birkmeyer)
- Group Sessions
- Lunch
- Panel and Collaborative Discussion
- CQI Scoring, DI Training, Data/Publications Policy, CME (Mikhail)
- DI, Pradaxa, Reports, VTE prophylaxis (Hemmila)

Information – MTQIP Centers

- One year
- New centers (January 1)
 - McLaren Macomb (Mt. Clemons)
 - Oakwood Dearborn
 - Oakwood Southshore
 - Saint Mary's Health Care Grand Rapids
 - St. Mary's of Michigan Saginaw
- Total centers
 - **23**
 - 16 with data in current report

Information - TQIP

- Benchmark Reports
 - November 2011
 - 2010 admissions
- ACS-TQIP Enrollment
 - Applications for 2012
 - www.facs.org/trauma/ntdb/tqip
- ACS-TQIP Meeting
 - Philadelphia
 - October 28-30, 2012

ACS COT - QDRC/NTDB/NTDS/TQIP

- Quality and Data Resources Committee
- Process Measures
 - Fracture fixation
 - Hemorrhage control/Angiography
- ICD-10
 - October 2013
- AIS 2005
 - Injury coding system
 - AIS 2005 hand coding is standard for MTQIP
 - Michigan Trauma Coalition

Group Sessions

- Order of rooms based on color of name badge
- Red Room 1, 2, 3, 4
- Blue Room 2, 3, 4, 1
- Yellow Room 3, 4, 1, 2
- Green Room 4, 1, 2, 3
- 20-25 minutes per session
- Return to main room for lunch

"Future Options for Performance Reporting"

John Birkmeyer, MD President - ArborMetrix



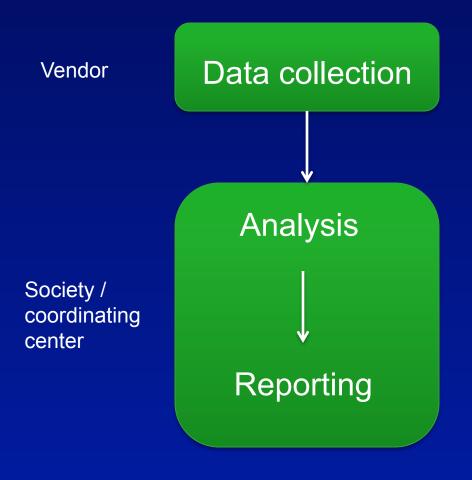
Conflict Disclosure

- Presenter has a financial interest in ArborMetrix, Inc.
 - Ann Arbor-based health care analytics and software company
- Relevance to today's presentation
 - Database vendor for several Michigan CQI programs

My involvement with clinical registries

- Northern New England Cardiovascular Disease Study Group (cardiac surgery
- American College of Surgeons-National Surgical Quality Improvement Program
 - Chair, Measurement & Evaluation committee
- Michigan Bariatric Surgery Collaborative
- Michigan Surgical Quality Collaborative

Status Quo



Problems

- Inefficient, \$\$\$
- Uneven science
- •Batched analysis, "stale" data
- Static reports, little drilldown capability

Our goal

Fully integrated software platform



Practice management tool

- Real time reporting (risk and reliability adjustment)
- Clinical decision support
- Patient-level drill down capabilities
- Easy, cool & fun

Panelists

- Room 1 Sepsis
 - Mary-Anne Purtill, Tom Rohs
- Room 2 Use of MTQIP
 - Judy Mikhail, Joann Burrington
- Room 3 Data Collection
 - Jill Jakubus, Cece Roiter
- Room 4 Trauma Resuscitation
 - Wendy Wahl, Jim Wagner

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Lunch M·TQIP



Group Sessions – Panel



Program Updates

Judy Mikhail, BSN, MSN, MBA



BCBSM Hospital Payments

- 1. Cost to join ACS-TQIP = \$9,000
- 2. Registry software license = \$2,500
- 3. Data abstraction support based on volume
 - 30% of 1 FTE Registrar salary = \$25,500

Example: TC Volume 650

Total payment \approx \$37,000

2 Questions

Do you know where your money went?

If you do, have you used it?



2012 CQI Index Measures

Measure	Weight	Measure Description	Points Earned
#1	20	 Timeliness of data 3 of 3 times 2 of 3 times 1 of 3 times 	20 10 0
#2	15	Site Visit/AuditCompletedNot completed	15 0



2012 CQI Measures

Measure	Weight	Measure Description	Points Earned
#3	25	 Meeting Participation - Surgeon All Meetings 2 of 3 Meetings 1 of 3 Meetings Did not participate 	25 10 5 0
#4	25	 Meeting Participation - TPM & Registrar All Meetings 2 of 3 Meetings 1 of 3 Meetings Did not participate 	25 10 5 0



2012 CQI Measures

Measure	Weight	Measure Description	Points Earned
#5	15	Timely PI Project Data Submission: Within Two Weeks of Request • 3 of 3 times • 2 of 3 times • 1 of 3 times • No Participation	15 10 5 0

DI Report Writer Training

- 16 of 23 MTQIP Centers use NTRACs
- NTRACs plans to stop support of Foxfire
- Will switch to Report Writer
- Need for training
- Part A: 4 hour web based session "Basic"
- Part B: 8 hour in person session "Advanced"



Publications

Publication Policy

- Authorship
- Conflict of Interest
- Processes for proposing & approving research questions

Publications Committee

- Dr. Bowling (Hurley)
- Dr. Kepros (Sparrow)
- Dr. Share (BCBSM)
- J. Mikhail (MTQIP)

Data Use and Publications

Data Use Agreement



Mailed disc with data

MTQIP Coordinating Center



Analysis Performed (allow 6 months)

Coming Soon....

- Web Site Overhaul
 - Calendar of meetings
 - Due Dates, Schedules
 - Past meeting presentations
 - Publications Forms
 - Policy Proposal DUA
 - Registry
 - Data definitions
 Forms
 - Resources

Meeting CME

- Forms QI Reporting
 - Hospital Specific Projects

DI, MTQIP Reports, etc.

Mark Hemmila, MD



DI

- 3 year contract (2012, 2013, 2014)
- 35-40 MTQIP custom data elements
- Mapping and transmittal of TQIP process measures
- Technical support for MTQIP tab
- DI Report Writer
- Will add future TQIP process measures

Costs

- Coordinating Center
 - \$5000 Create MTQIP tab
 - \$1500/yr Technical support
 - \$1000/yr/center Mapping and transmittal
 - \$65/hr Programming costs for additional process measures
- MTQIP Centers
 - \$2000 DI Report Writer new purchase
 - \$700/yr DI Report Writer license fee

CDM/Lancet

- CDM
 - TraumaBase
 - 4 MTQIP centers
 - Standardize MTQIP tab and reports
- Lancet
 - Trauma One
 - 2 MTQIP centers
 - Custom data element insertion synchronized between BM and POH

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Acutely Injured Patients on Dabigatran

TO THE EDITOR: Trauma remains the fourth lead- Warfarin reversal can also be easily monitored ing cause of death in the United States, with with readily available laboratory and point-of-care 40,000 deaths annually in persons over the age tests. of 65. U.S. trauma centers are seeing an increasing number of severely injured elderly patients,1 and hemorrhagic complications and head injuries account for a substantial proportion of these fatalities.1 Although the preinjury use of warfarin is increasing and is associated with a considerable increase in morbidity and mortality, these complications can be dramatically reduced with methods that rapidly reverse the anticoagulant effect.1 Moreover, numerous options are available to achieve warfarin reversal (e.g., vitamin K, plasma, factor VIIa, and factor concentrates).1

Warfarin has long been the mainstay of anticoagulation therapy in atrial fibrillation. However, dabigatran etexilate (a new oral direct thrombin inhibitor) has recently been reported to have a similar or lower bleeding risk as compared with warfarin.2,3 Unlike warfarin, dietary restrictions and frequent blood sampling to monitor the degree of anticoagulation are unnecessary with dabigatran. Enthusiasm for this agent, however, must be tempered by three notable concerns: there is no readily available means for assessing the degree of anticoagulation with dabigatran,

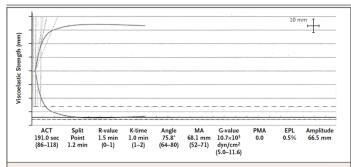


Figure 1. Rapid Thromboelastographic Tracing in Patient with Dabigatran Coagulopathy.

This tracing shows the prolonged activated clotting time (ACT) in a patient with a head injury who was receiving dabigatran. The sequence of the variables measured is chronological, and all the values are normal except ACT. The graph lines and interval plots are reference lines imposed by the machine to generate degrees of acceleration and kinetics. Normal ranges are shown in parentheses. EPL denotes estimated percent clot lysis, G-value the generated value of clot strength, K-time clot kinetics, MA maximal amplitude, PMA projected maximal amplitude, and R-value reaction time

Anticoagulants

- Pradaxa (Dabigatran)
 - Direct thrombin inhibitor
 - Renal elimination, half-life 13 hours
 - No reversal agents
- Xarelto (Rivaroxaban)
 - Direct Xa inhibitor
 - 2/3 Hepatic elimination, half-life 11 hours
 - Possible agents for use in severe bleeding prothrombin complex concentrate, rFactor VIIa

Anticoagulants

- Plan
 - Comorbids (now)
 - Z.04 Direct Thrombin Inhibitor
 - Z.05 Direct Xa Inhibitor
 - Blood Products (now)
 - Time to procedure (now)
 - Process measures
 - **•** 2013
 - Dialysis
 - Other reversal agents

Reports

- 3/1/10 to 2/28/11
- Cohort selection
- Summaries
- Stratified mortality
- Risk adjusted mortality
- Risk adjusted complications
- Risk adjusted LOS

Cohort Formation

- Cohort 1
 - Blunt or penetrating
 - Age ≥ 18
 - ISS ≥ 5
 - Hospital LOS ≥ 1 or dead
- Cohort 2 (admit trauma service)
- Cohort 3 (blunt multi-system)
- Cohort 4 (blunt single-system)

Cohort Formation

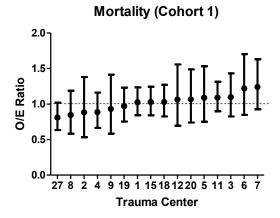
- Complications
 - Cohort 2 w/o DOA's
 - Group 1 (All)
 - Group 2 (Subset)
 - Specific
- Length of Stay
 - Hospital, ICU, Mechanical Ventilator Days
 - Cohort 2
 - Exclude deaths for Hospital LOS

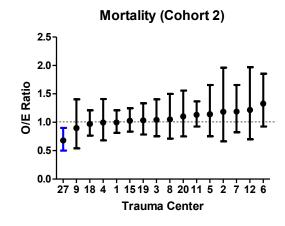
Risk Adjustment

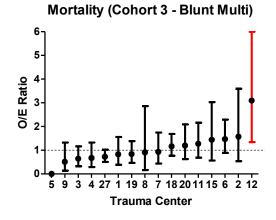
- Univariate
- Imputed BP, Pulse, mGCS if missing
- Step-wise Multivariate Logistic Regression
 - Identify predictor variables, $p \le 0.2$
- Logit Equation
- Expected Mortality
- O/E Ratios
 - 90% Confidence Interval, Mortality
 - 95% Confidence Interval, Complications
 - 95% Confidence Interval, LOS

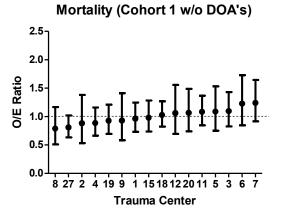
Mortality

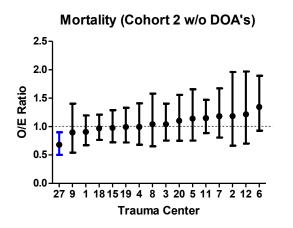
- Cohort 1 (Overall Mortality All Admissions)
- Cohort 1 (w/o DOA's)
- Cohort 2 (Admit to Trauma Service)
- Cohort 2 (w/o DOA's)
- Cohort 3 (Blunt Multi-System Mortality)
 - Trauma type classified as blunt with injuries of AIS ≥ 3 in at least two of the following AIS body regions: head/neck, face, chest, abdomen, extremities or external.
- Cohort 4 (Blunt Single-System Mortality)
 - Trauma type classified as blunt with injuries of AIS ≥ 3 limited to only one AIS body region with all other body regions having a maximum AIS ≤ 2.
- Cohort 2 (w/o DOA's) Dead or Hospice

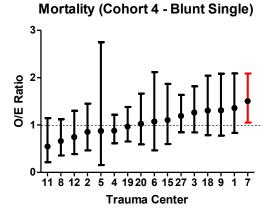




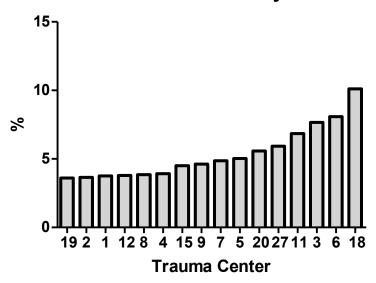




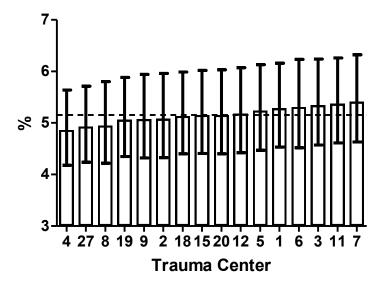




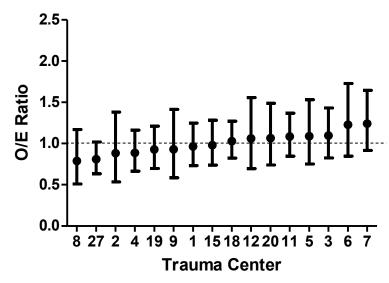
Crude Mortality



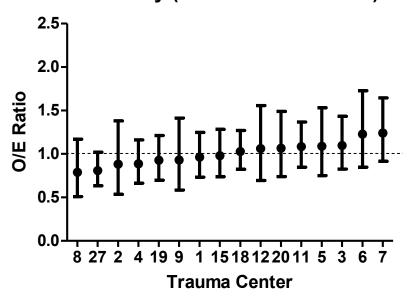
Risk and Reliability Adjusted Mortality



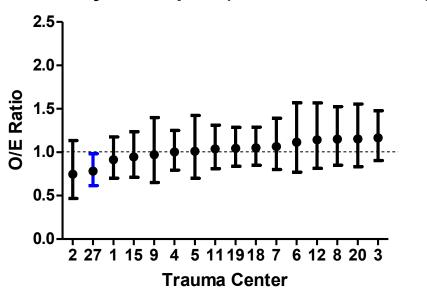
Mortality (Cohort 1 w/o DOA's)



Mortality (Cohort 1 w/o DOA's)



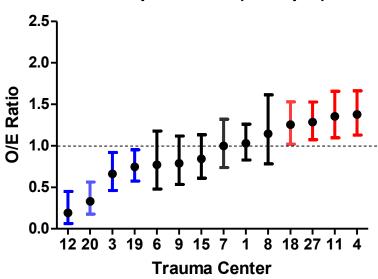
Mortality or Hospice (Cohort 1 w/o DOA's)



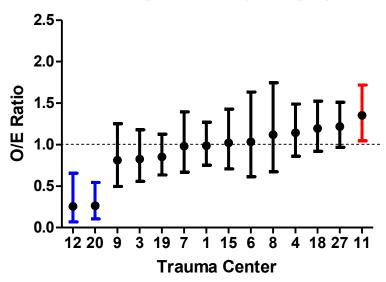
Complications

- Cohort 2 w/o DOA's
- Group 1
 - Superficial SSI, Deep SSI, Organ space SSI, Wound disruption, ARDS, Pneumonia, Unplanned intubation, PE, Acute renal failure, UTI, Stroke/cva, Cardiac arrest requiring cpr, MI, New onset arrhythmia, DVT LE, DVT UE, Systemic sepsis, Decubitus ulcer, C. difficle colitis.
- Group 2
 - Organ space SSI, Wound disruption, ARDS, Pneumonia, PE, Acute renal failure, MI, DVT LE, DVT UE, Systemic sepsis.
- Specific
 - Cardiac/Stroke, Pneumonia, DVT/PE, UTI, Renal Failure, Sepsis

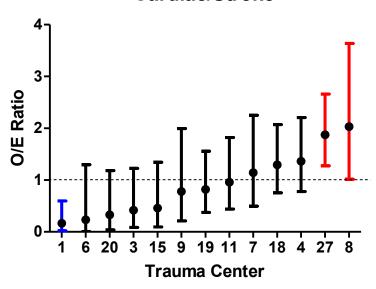




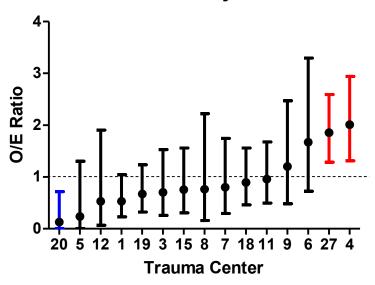
Complications (Group 2)

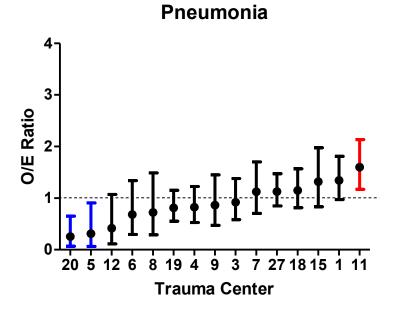


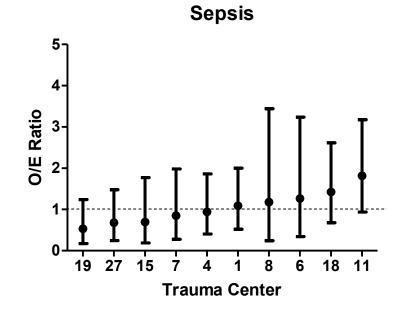
Cardiac/Stroke

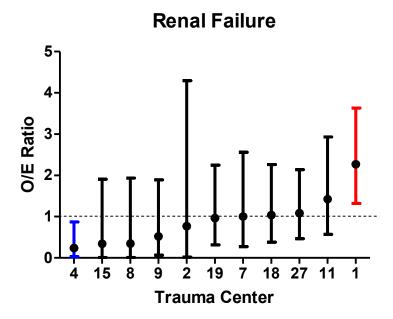


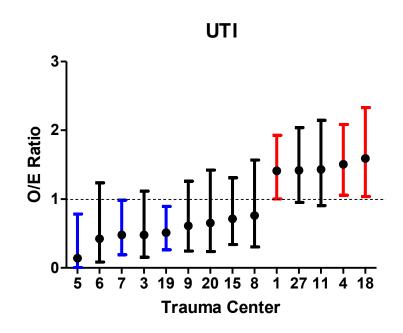
DVT/Pulmonary Embolus







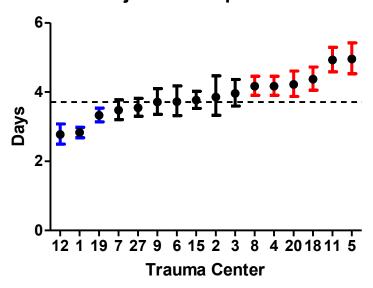




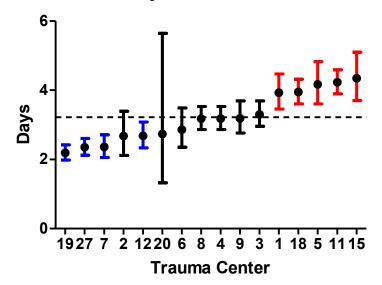
Length of Stay

- Cohort 2
- Risk Adjusted Rate
- Natural log transformed, linear regression
- Adjusted for age, ISS, mGCS, comorbids, etc.
- Hospital LOS, ICU LOS, MV Days
- Exclude deaths for Hospital LOS
- 95% CI

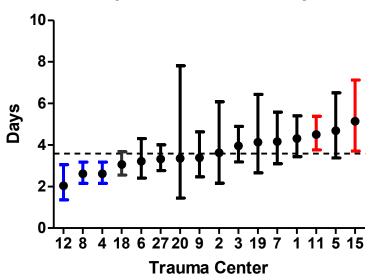
Adjusted Hospital LOS



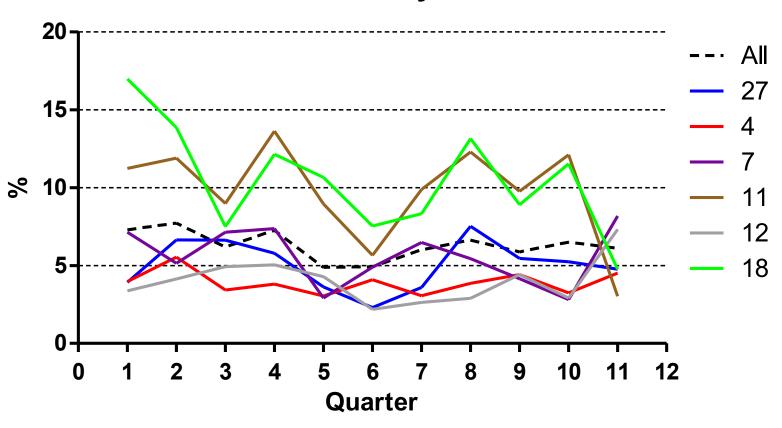
Adjusted ICU LOS



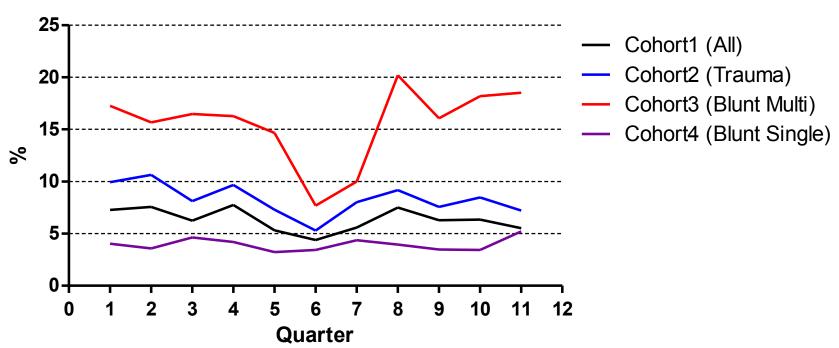
Adjusted Ventilator Days



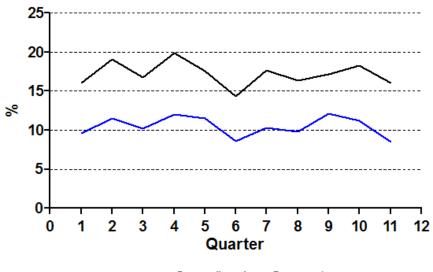
Mortality





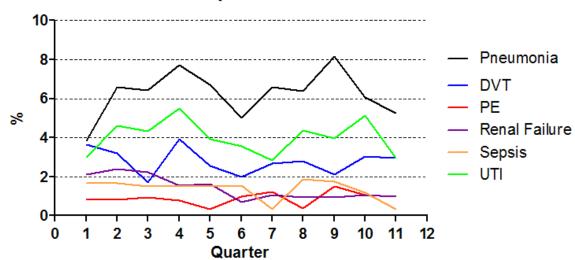


Complications



- Complication Group 1
- Complication Group 2

Complications



Questions

Process Measures



DVT Prophylaxis

- MTQIP pilot data from U of M
- 8/04 to 7/05 and 8/6 to 7/08
- Adult patients, admitted to trauma service, ISS≥5, LOS > 24 hrs or death.
- 1531 patients
- Date of DVT or PE
- Date and type of 1st dose of VTE prophylaxis
- Heparin SQ 5000 units BID
- Enoxaparin SQ 40 mg QD

Exclusions/Groups/Analysis

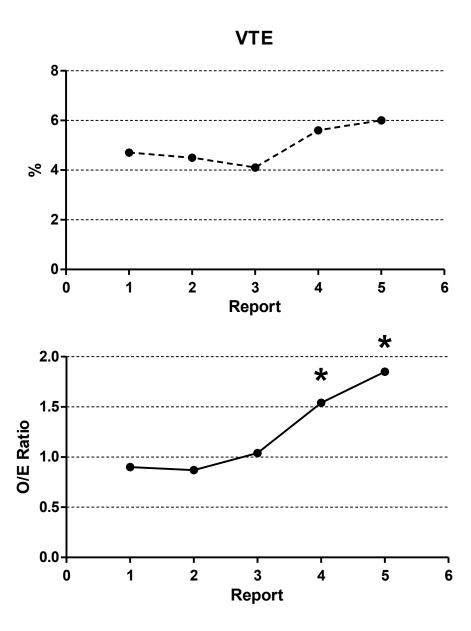
- No VTE prophylaxis
- VTE prophylaxis/treatment started after diagnosis of VTE event
- Heparin gtt
- 1531 → 933 patients
- Multivariate
- Propensity Score Matching

Results

Analysis	VTE Prophylaxis	N	DVT, N (%)	PE, N (%)	VTE, N (%)
Multivariate	SQ Heparin	552	41 (7.4)	14 (2.5)	49 (8.9)
	SQ Enoxaparin	381	13 (3.4)	5 (1.3)	15 (3.9)
Propensity	SQ Heparin	345	22 (6.4)	10 (2.9)	28 (8.1)
	SQ Enoxaparin	345	12 (3.5)	5 (1.5)	14 (4.1)

Results

- Multivariate adjustment
 - Patients receiving enoxaparin experienced fewer VTE events
 - Odds ratio 0.46 (95% CI 0.25-0.85)
- Propensity matched cohort
 - Similar result
 - Odds ratio 0.5 (95% CI 0.26-0.95)
- Limitations



Putting it together

- Date and type of pharmacologic VTE prophylaxis
- Date IVC filter (Procedure)
- Date PE or DVT (Complications)
- Risk factors (Injury, comorbids, etc.)

Future Meetings

- Wednesday May 16, 2012
 - Location: Traverse City
- Tuesday June 5, 2012
 - Location: Ann Arbor
 - Registrars
- Tuesday October 16, 2011
 - Location: Ann Arbor

Call for Data, Feedback

- Submit data from 7/1/10 to 6/30/11
 - Due February 10, 2012
 - 23 centers
- Next call
 - Data from 11/1/10 to 10/31/11
 - Due June 1, 2012
- Evaluations
 - Meeting ideas, Reports, Web-site
 - Emergent general surgery and critical care survey

MTQIP Location

- U of M North Campus Research Complex
- MSCORE-MTQIP
 Building 520 NCRC, 3rd Floor, Rm 3180C
 2800 Plymouth Road
 Ann Arbor, MI 48109-2800
- Phone 734 763-2854
- Fax 734 998-7473
- MSQC, MBSC